## Methods & Models for fMRI Analysis 2018

# TUTORIAL

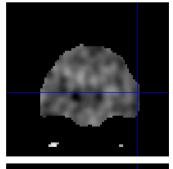
Sandra Iglesias iglesias@biomed.ee.ethz.ch

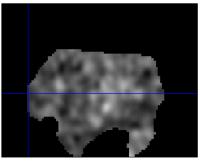
Translational Neuromodeling Unit (TNU)
Institute for Biomedical Engineering (IBT)
University and ETH Zürich

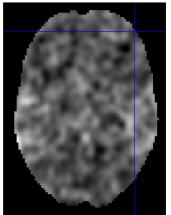




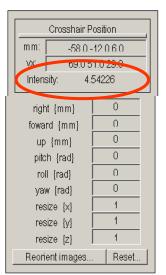


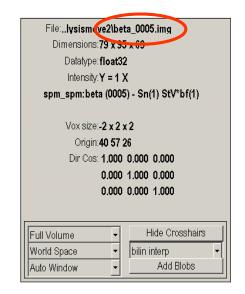


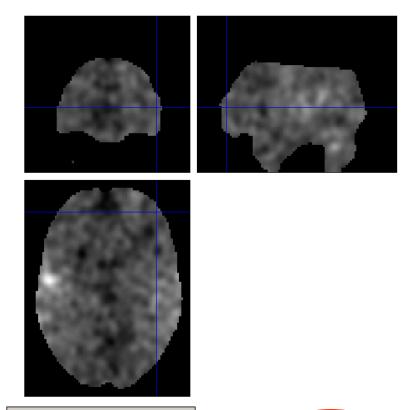




**Beta value** = % change above global mean for a particular condition



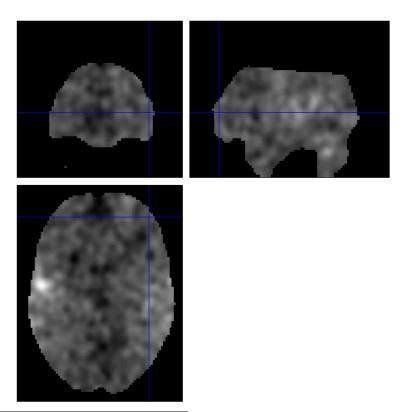


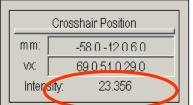






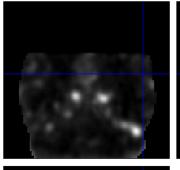
Con. value = summation of all relevant betas.

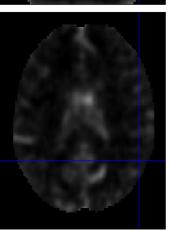


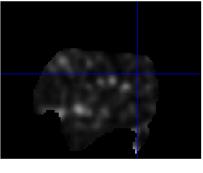


File:..alysismove2\con\_0005.img
Dimensions:79 x 95 x 69
Datatype:float32
Intensity:Y = 1 X
SPM contrast - 5: stv

Con. value is combined with ResMS value at that voxel to produce a T statistic or spm.T.img.

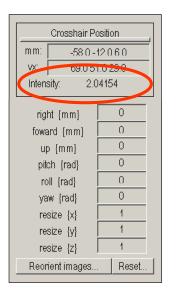


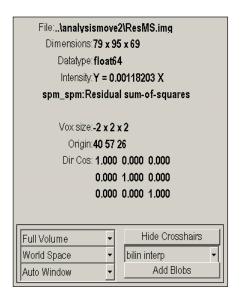


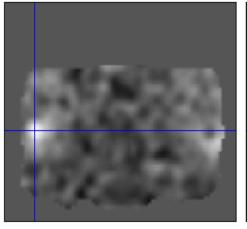


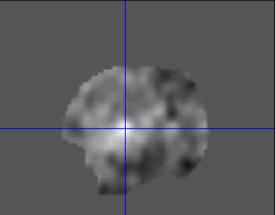
ResMS.img =  $O_i$  residual sum of squares or variance image and is a measure of withinsubject error at the 1st level (or between-subject error at the 2nd).

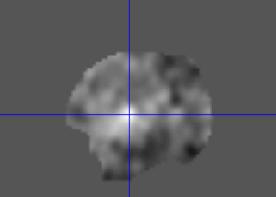
ng Unit

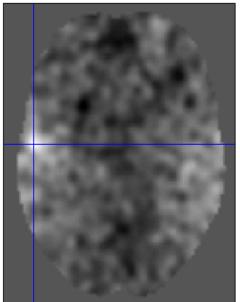






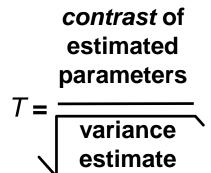


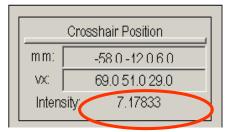




spmT.img Thresholded using the results button.

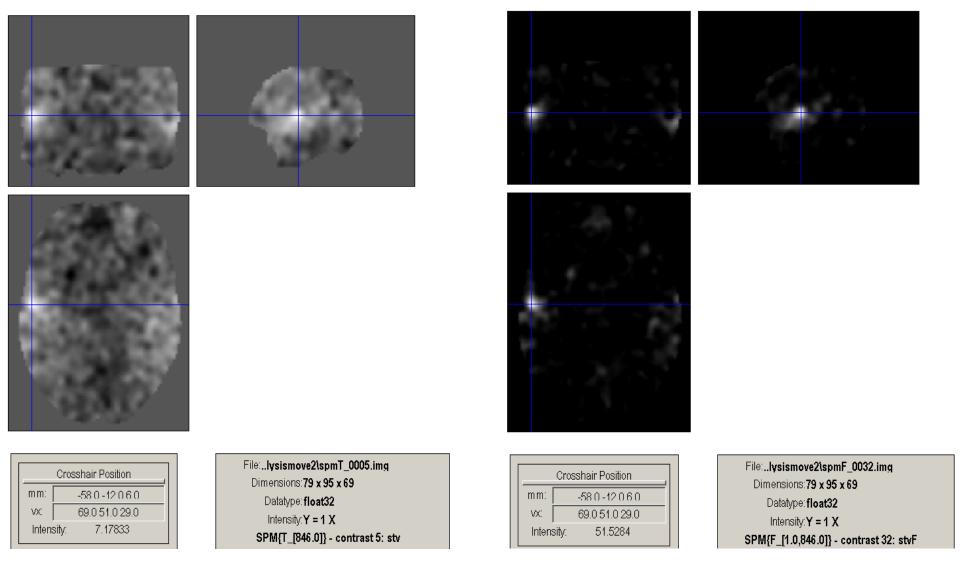
**Test statistic:** 





```
File:..lysismove2\spmT_0005.img
 Dimensions: 79 x 95 x 69
    Datatype:float32
     Intensity:Y = 1 X
  SPM{T_[846.0]} - contrast 5: stv
```

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spmT.img and corresponding spmF.img

### Worth to check:



#### **Review Design**

- Matrix
- Orthogonality

#### **Explore Design:**

- Sessions

#### mask.nii

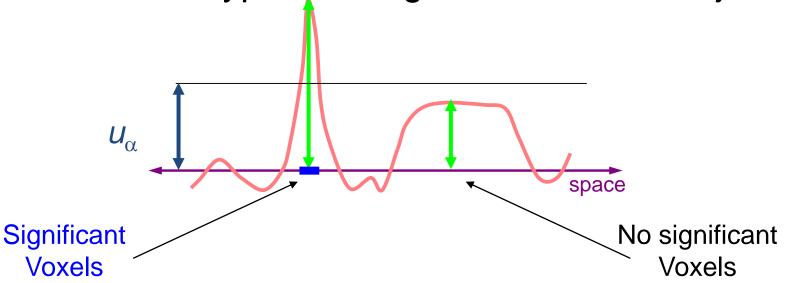
### **Correlation among regressors:**

```
%% SPM.xX.xKXs.X: matrix of trials and betas (columns) in each trial %% R=corrcoef(X) calculates a matrix R of correlation coefficients corr_pre=corrcoef(SPM.xX.X); figure; imagesc(corr_pre, [-1 1]);colorbar %% after whitening: corr=corrcoef(SPM.xX.xKXs.X); figure; imagesc(corr, [-1 1]);colorbar
```



### **Voxel-level Inference**

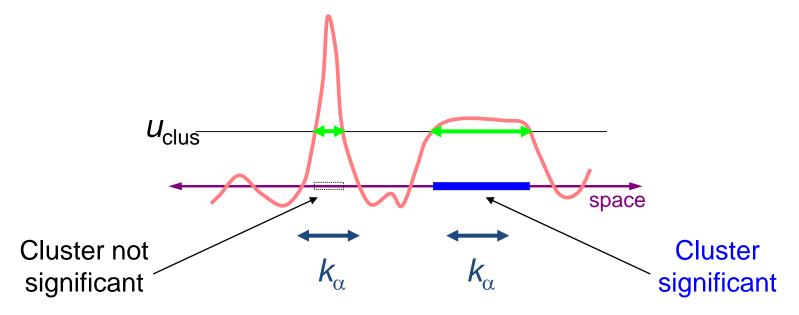
- Retain voxels above  $\alpha$ -level threshold  $u_{\alpha}$ 
  - Signal magnitude
- Gives best spatial specificity
  - The null hyp. at a single voxel can be rejected





### Cluster-level Inference

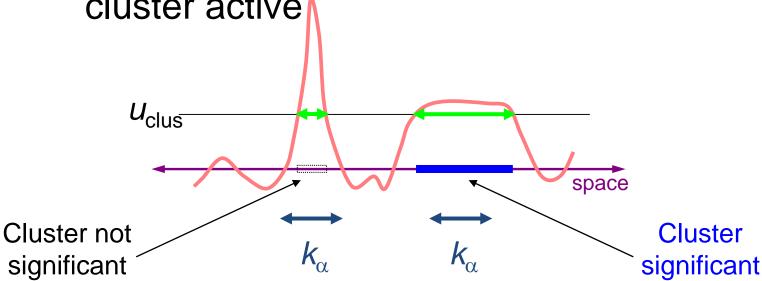
- Two step-process
  - Define clusters by threshold  $u_{\text{clus}}$
  - Retain clusters larger than  $\alpha$ -level threshold  $k_{\alpha}$ : Spatial extent





### **Cluster-level Inference**

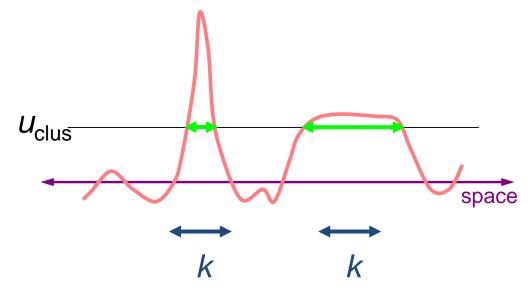
- Typically better sensitivity
- Worse spatial specificity
  - The null hyp. of entire cluster is rejected
  - Only means that one or more of voxels in cluster active.





### **Set-level Inference**

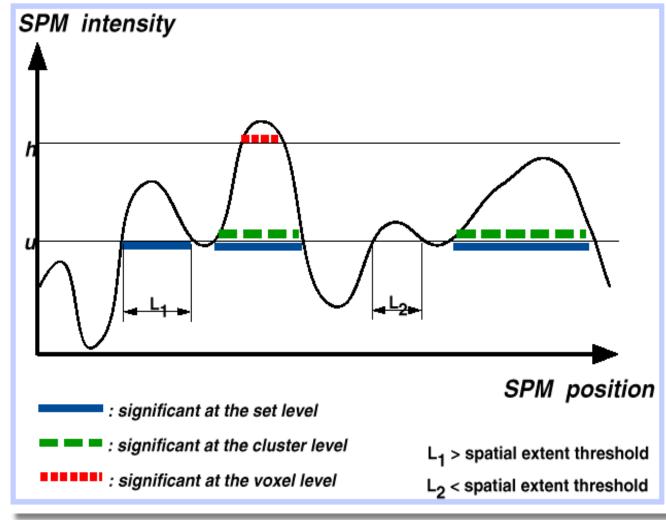
- Count number of blobs c
  - Minimum blob size k
- Worst spatial specificity
  - Only can reject global null hypothesis



Here c = 1; only 1 cluster larger than k



## Review: Levels of inference & power



Set level...

Cluster level...

Voxel level...



## **Options for displaying contrasts:**

### **Apply masking**

- none
- contrast
- image
- atlas

Maximum probability tissue labels derived from the "MICCAI 2012 Grand Challenge and Workshop on Multi-Atlas Labeling" are available in files tpm/labels\_Neuromorphometrics. {nii,xml}. These data were released under the Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial (CC BY-NC) with no end date. Users should credit the MRI scans as originating from the OASIS project<sup>8</sup> and the labeled data as "provided by Neuromorphometrics, Inc.<sup>9</sup> under academic subscription". These references should be included in all workshop and final publications. See spm\_templates.man for more details about the generation of this file.



## **Options for displaying contrasts:**

#### Apply masking (image) vs. small volume correction

- p-values will change

e.g. Positive effect of condition\_1 / left middle frontal gyrus

### Apply explicit mask vs. small volume correction

- p-values should be the same
- → can differ as your ReML-estimation will be based on the ROI

#### Save thresholded image

- thresholded SPM
- all clusters
- current cluster

## rsfMRI - Lecture

#### **Tasks**

- Resting state:
  - Eyes closed
  - do not think of anything in particular
- Visual processing
  - black-and-white radial checkerboard pattern
  - → not highly demanding cognitive task

# Visual processing and resting-state neural connectivity for the PCC

visual processing

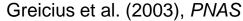
20

resting state

t-score

15

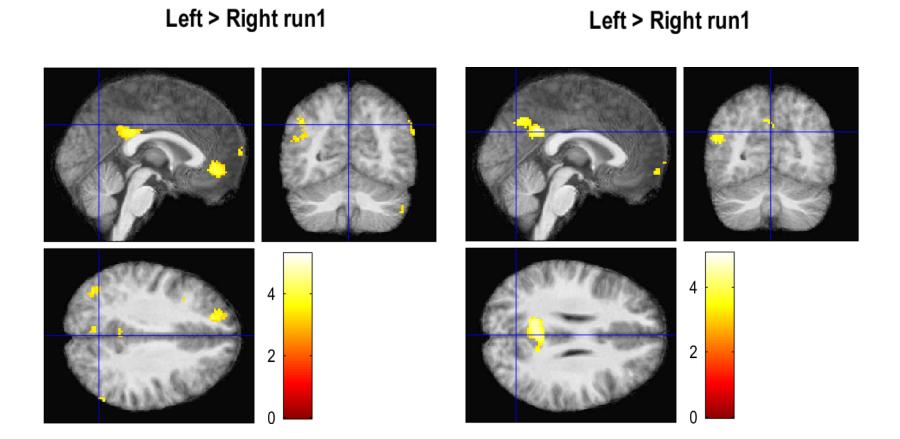
5





## Sub03 and Sub04





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## SPM interface: factorial design specification

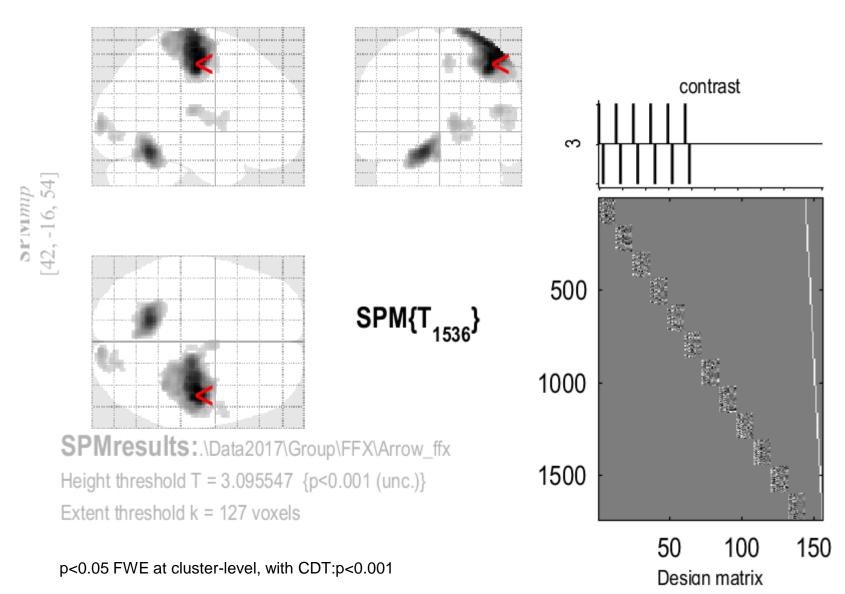
## Options:

- FFX
- One-sample t-test
- Paired t-test
- One-way ANOVA within subject
- Flexible factorial

## FFX:



### Left vs Right Arrow: block



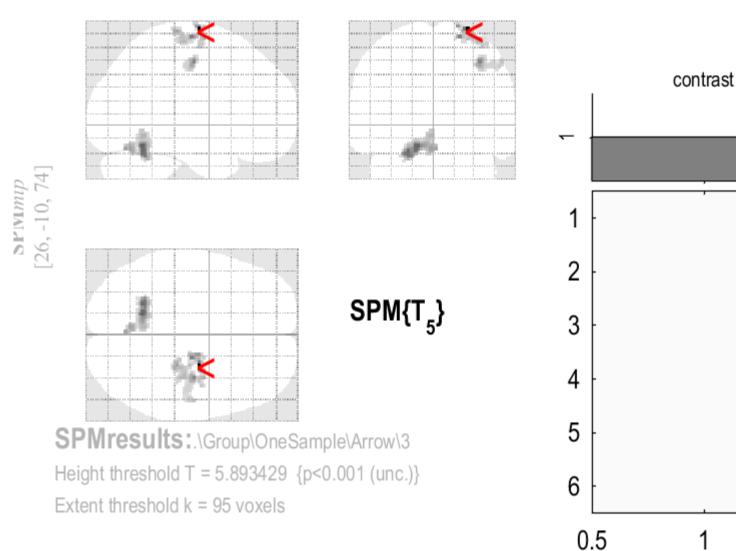
## One-sample t-test:



1.5

Design matrix

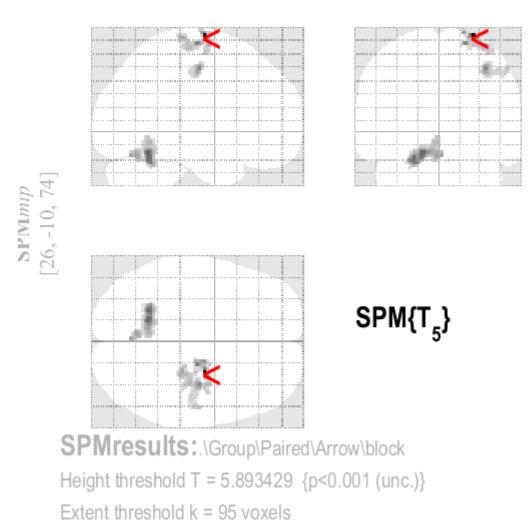
### Left vs Right Arrow: block

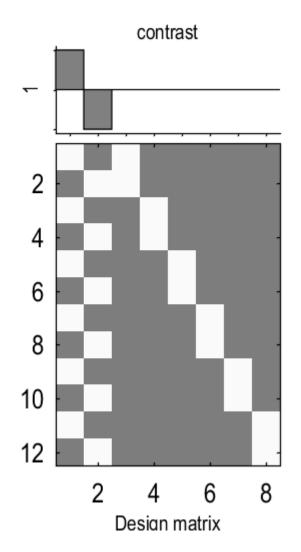


## Paired t-test:



### Left vs Right Arrow: block

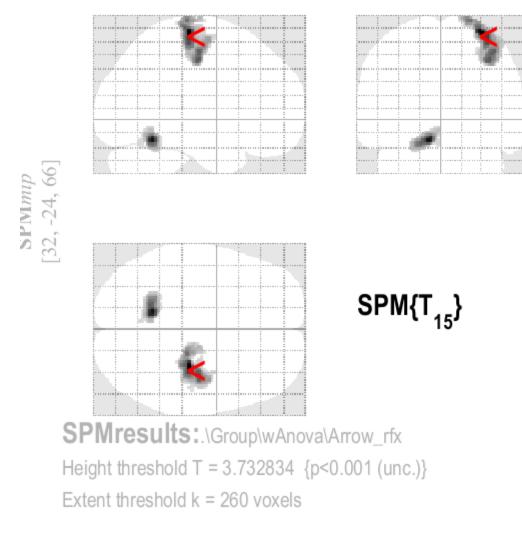


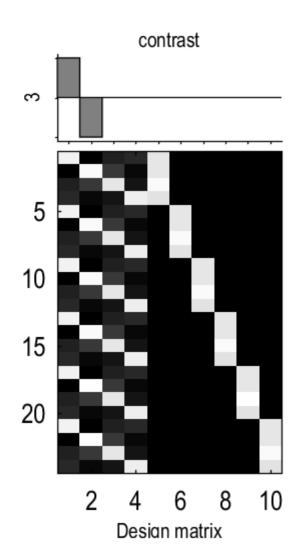


### wANOVA:



### Left vs Right Arrow: block

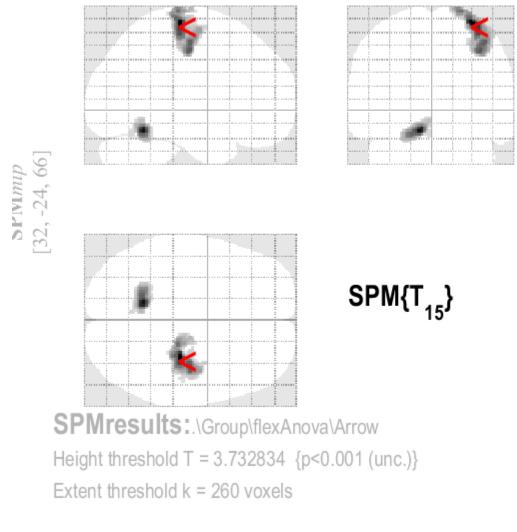


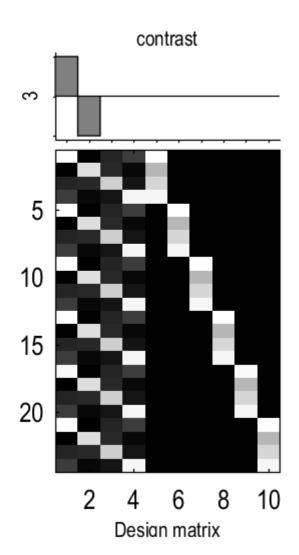


### flexANOVA:



### Left vs Right Arrow: block







## Sphericity specification:

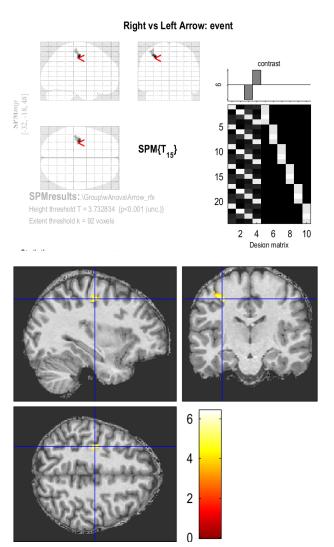
## Compare one-way within-subject ANOVA using:

- correct sphericity specification vs.
- wrong sphericity specification

## Sphericity specification:

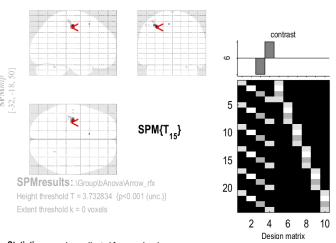


#### correct sphericity specification



#### wrong sphericity specification

#### Right vs Left Arrow: event



#### Statistics: p-values adjusted for search volume

set-le	evel	cluster-level				peak-level					mm mm mm	
р	С	p <sub>FWE-corr</sub>	q <sub>FDR-corr</sub>	k <sub>E</sub>	p <sub>uncorr</sub>	P <sub>FWE-corr</sub>	q <sub>FDR-corr</sub>	Τ	(Z <sub>=</sub> )	p <sub>uncorr</sub>	mm mm mm	
1.000	0 7	0.458	0.149	36	0.021	0.877	0.582	5.69	4.09	0.000	-32 -18 50	
		1.000	0.702	1	0.702	1.000	0.778	4.66	3.61	0.000	-8 16 54	
		1.000	0.702	5	0.356	1.000	0.984	4.01	3.25	0.001	-40 -22 58	
		1.000	0.702	2	0.571	1.000	0.984	3.88	3.18	0.001	26 -54 -28	
		1.000	0.702	1	0.702	1.000	0.984	3.87	3.17	0.001	-54 -16 52	
		1.000	0.702	1	0.702	1.000	0.984	3.77	3.11	0.001	-48 -16 52	
		1.000	0.702	1	0.702	1.000	0.984	3.75	3.10	0.001	-36 -26 62	