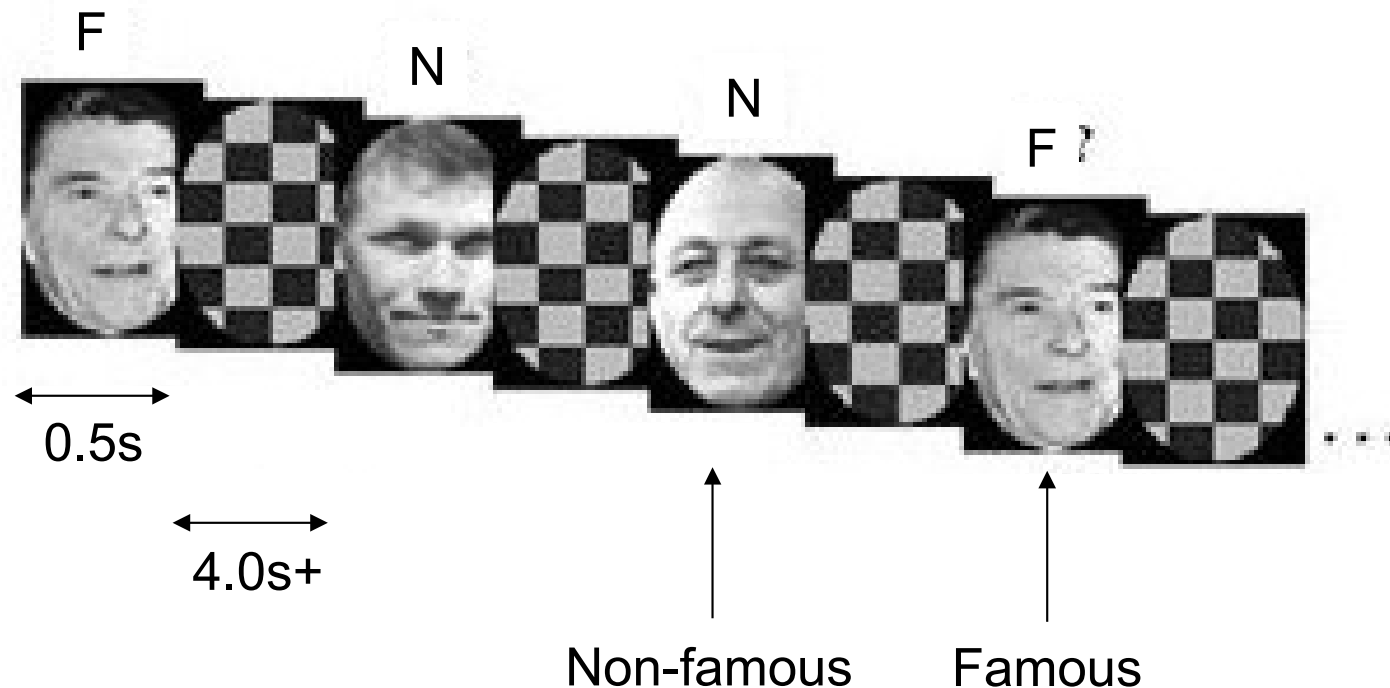


# Event-related “face” fMRI data



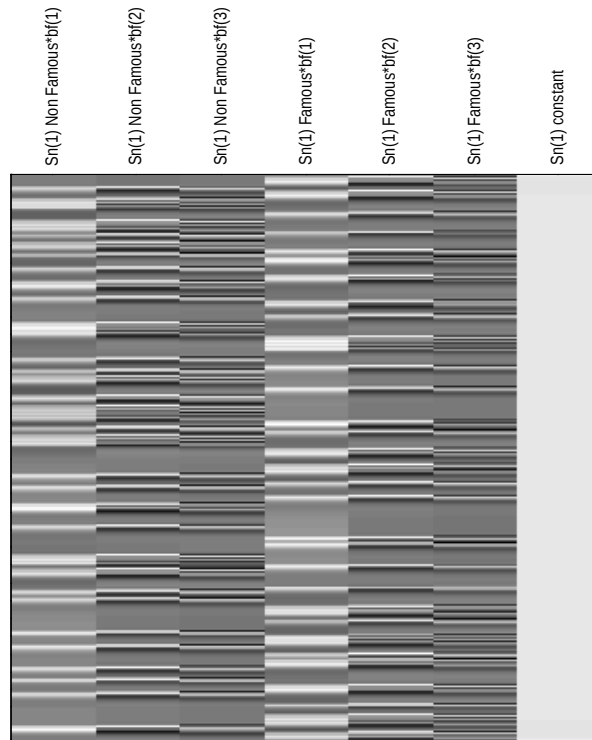
**Paradigm:** presentation of 52 Famous and 52 Non-famous greyscale photographs for 0.5s, for fame judgment task (one of two right finger presses), against a checkerboard baseline, randomly intermixed together with a further 52 null events.

12 subjects.



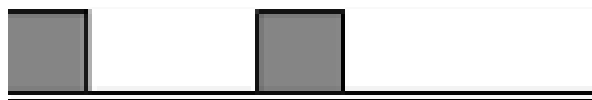
# First level models (within subject)

**M1i: Informed basis set**



non-famous famous

Canonical response



Temporal derivative

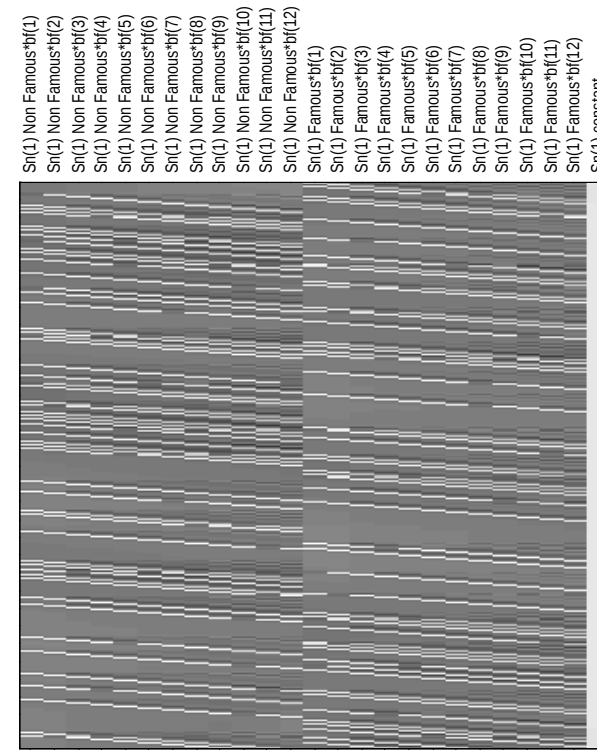


Dispersion derivative

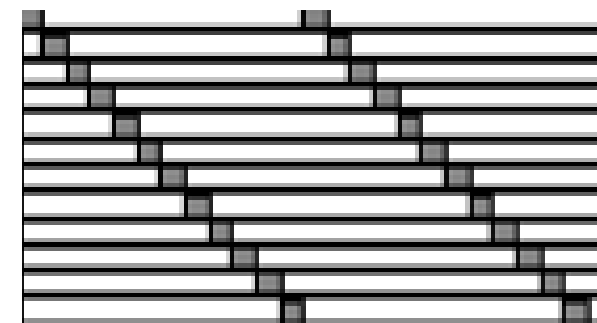


1-3 contrasts per subject

**M1f: Finite Impulse Response (FIR)**



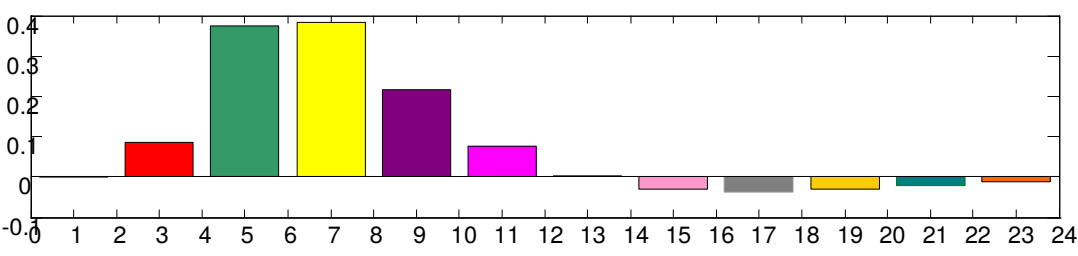
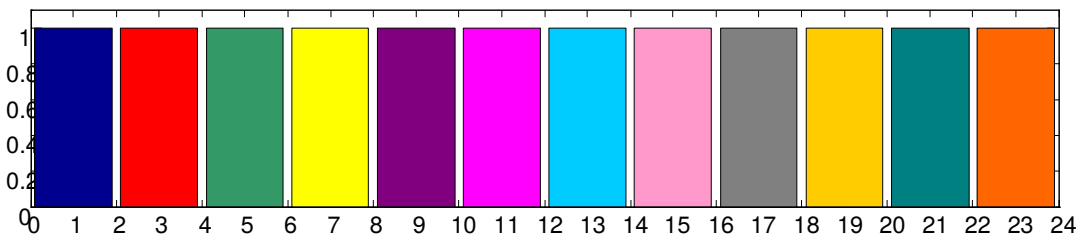
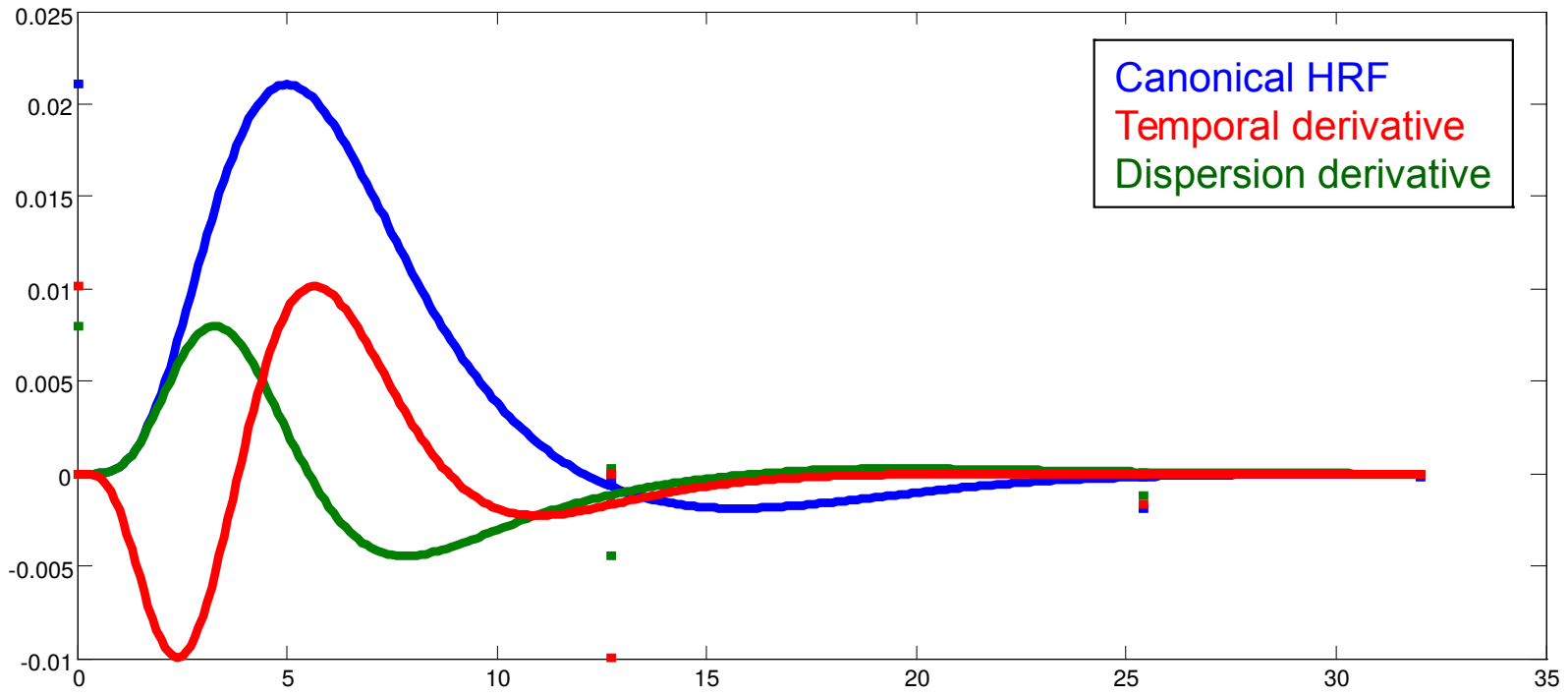
non-famous famous



12 contrasts per subject

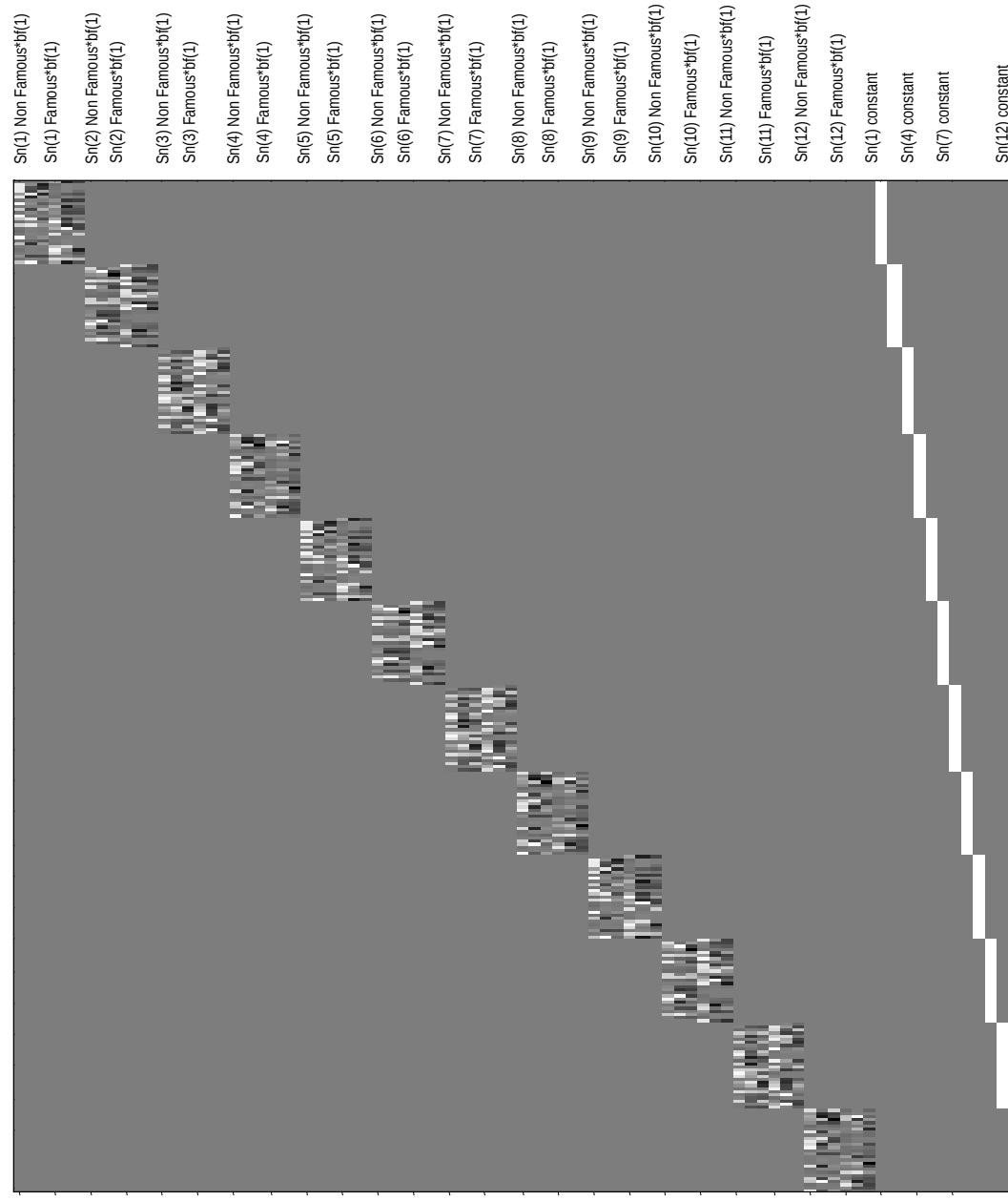
24s poststimulus, 12 basis functions, ie 2s timebins

# Basis sets



FIR  
 12 time bins of 2s

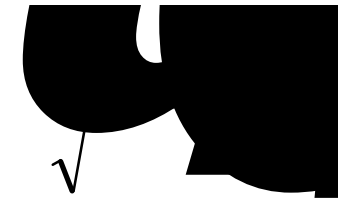
# FFX model



# Summary Statistics approach

First level

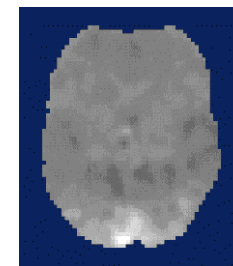
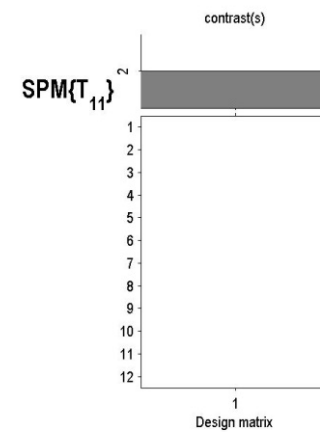
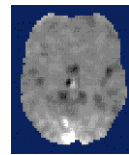
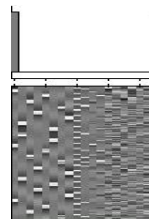
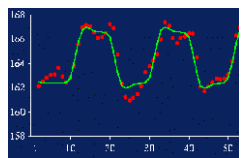
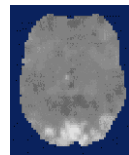
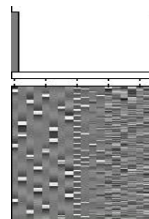
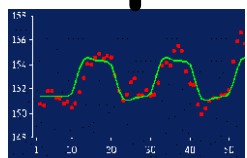
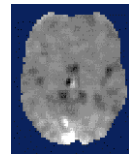
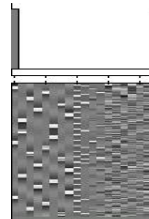
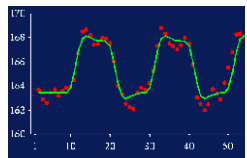
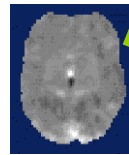
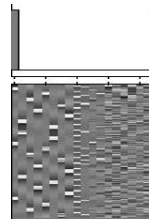
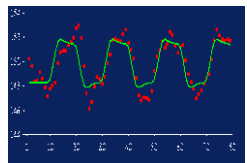
Second level



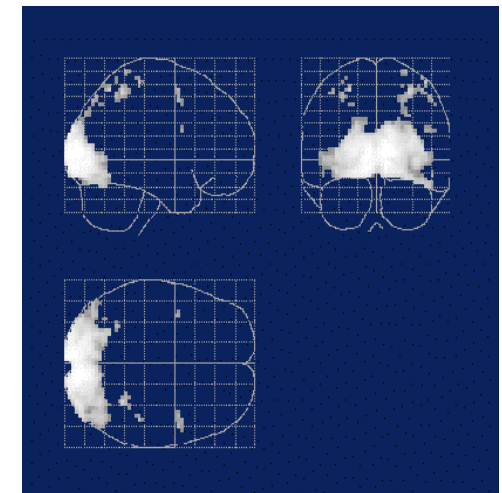
Data

Design Matrix

Contrast Images



SPM(t)



One-sample  
t-test @ 2<sup>nd</sup> level